

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY

## 2012 REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 402
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 2012

The following bill was reported to the Senate from the House and ordered to be printed.

ALISON LUNDERGAN GRIMES
SECRETARY OF STATE
COMMONWEADH OF KENTUCKY
BY

1	AN ACT relating to interagency cooperation.				
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:				
3		<b>→</b> S	ection 1. KRS 11A.080 is amended to read as follows:		
4.	(1)	(a)	Upon a complaint signed under penalty of perjury by any person, or upon its		
5			own motion, the commission shall conduct a preliminary investigation of any		
6			alleged violation of this chapter.		
7		(b)	The preliminary investigation shall begin not later than ten (10) days after the		
8			next commission meeting following the receipt of the sworn complaint, or, if		
9			the investigation is initiated by the commission's own motion, not later than		
10			ten (10) days after the date of the adoption of the motion.		
11		(c)	Within ten (10) days of the commencement of the preliminary investigation,		
12			the commission shall forward a copy of the complaint, if one has been filed, or		
13			a statement of possible violations being investigated, and a general statement		
14			of the applicable law to the person alleged to have committed a violation.		
15	(2)	All	commission proceedings and records relating to a preliminary investigation		
16		shal	l be confidential until a final determination is made by the commission, except:		
17		(a)	The commission may turn over to the Attorney General, the United States		
18			Attorney, or the Commonwealth's Attorney of the jurisdiction in which the		
19			offense allegedly occurred, evidence which may be used in criminal		
20			proceedings, or, at its discretion, may at any time turn over to the Personnel		
21			Board or the Auditor of Public Accounts, or both, evidence which may be		
22			used by either or both of those agencies for investigative purposes;		
23		(b)	If the alleged violator publicly discloses the existence of a preliminary		
24			investigation, the commission may publicly confirm the existence of the		
25			inquiry and, in its discretion, make public any documents which were issued		
26			to either party;		
27		(c)	If the matter being investigated was referred to the commission from another		

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1	state agency, the commission may inform the referring state agency of the
2	status of any preliminary investigation and of any action taken on the matter.

- If the commission determines in the preliminary investigation that the facts are not sufficient to constitute a violation of this chapter, the commission shall immediately terminate the investigation and notify in writing the complainant, if any, and the person alleged to have committed a violation. The commission may confidentially inform the alleged violator of potential violations and provide information to ensure future compliance with the law. If the alleged violator publicly discloses the existence of such action by the commission, the commission may confirm the existence of the resolution and, in its discretion, make public any documents which were issued to the alleged violator.
- (4) If the commission, during the course of the preliminary investigation, finds probable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter has occurred, the commission may, upon majority vote:
  - a) Due to mitigating circumstances such as lack of significant economic advantage or gain by the alleged violator, lack of significant economic loss to the state, or lack of significant impact on public confidence in government, in writing, confidentially reprimand the alleged violator for potential violations of the law and provide a copy of the reprimand to the alleged violator's appointing authority, if any. If the alleged violator publicly discloses the existence of such an action, the commission may confirm the existence of the action and, in its discretion, make public any documents which were issued to the alleged violator; or
  - (b) Initiate an administrative proceeding to determine whether there has been a violation.
- Section 2. KRS 61.102 is amended to read as follows:
  - (1) No employer shall subject to reprisal, or directly or indirectly use, or threaten to use,

(3)

any official authority or influence, in any manner whatsoever, which tends to discourage, restrain, depress, dissuade, deter, prevent, interfere with, coerce, or discriminate against any employee who in good faith reports, discloses, divulges, or otherwise brings to the attention of the Kentucky Legislative Ethics Commission, the Attorney General, the Auditor of Public Accounts, the Executive Branch Ethics Commission, the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any of its members or employees, the Legislative Research Commission or any of its committees, members or employees, the judiciary or any member or employee of the judiciary, any law enforcement agency or its employees, or any other appropriate body or authority, any facts or information relative to an actual or suspected violation of any law, statute, executive order, administrative regulation, mandate, rule, or ordinance of the United States, the Commonwealth of Kentucky, or any of its political subdivisions, or any facts or information relative to actual or suspected mismanagement, waste, fraud, abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety. No employer shall require any employee to give notice prior to making such a report, disclosure, or divulgence.

- 17 (2) No employer shall subject to reprisal or discriminate against, or use any official
  18 authority or influence to cause reprisal or discrimination by others against, any
  19 person who supports, aids, or substantiates any employee who makes public any
  20 wrongdoing set forth in subsection (1) of this section.
- 21 (3) This section shall not be construed as:
- 22 (a) Prohibiting an employer from requiring that an employee inform him of an official request made to an agency for information, or the substance of testimony made, or to be made, by the employee to legislators on behalf of an agency;
- 26 (b) Permitting the employee to leave his <u>or her</u> assigned work area during normal work hours without following applicable law, administrative regulations,

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1		rules, or policies pertaining to leave, unless the employee is requested by the
2		Kentucky Legislative Ethics Commission or the Executive Branch Ethics
3		<u>Commission</u> to appear before the commission, or by a legislator or a
4		legislative committee to appear before a legislative committee;
5	(c)	Authorizing an employee to represent his or her personal opinions as the
6		opinions of his or her employer; or
7	(d)	Prohibiting disciplinary or punitive action if an employee discloses
8		information which he knows:
9		1. To be false or which he discloses with reckless disregard for its truth or
10		falsity;
11		2. To be exempt from required disclosure under the provisions of KRS
12		61.870 to 61.884; or
13		3. Is confidential under any other provision of law.

	Speaker-House of Representatives
	President of Senate
Attest:	Chief Clerk of House of Representatives
	Approved Governor
	Date 4-11-12